

Recombinant Anti-CSF1 Antibody (V3S-0622-YC3185)

Cat. No.: V3S-0622-YC3185

Summary

Description	<p>This product is a human monoclonal antibody that reacts with CSF1. The antibody is expressed with mammalian cell transient expression system, serum-free and purified by affinity chromatography. The purity and integrity are tested via SDS-PAGE and SEC-HPLC analysis. Given an antigen, additional QC measures are also desired such as affinity testing and binding validation.</p> <p>Specifically, the antibody is provided in multiple formats for <i>in vivo</i> and <i>in vitro</i> assays. The <i>In vivo</i> version features greater than 95% purity, ultra-low endotoxin levels (<1 EU/mg or 0.1 EU/mg), and is preservative, stabilizer, and carrier protein-free.</p>
Clonality	Monoclonal
Host Species	Human
Target Species	Human
Isotype	IgG
Isotype Control	C34555
Secondary Antibody	C32400; C75370; C10513; C51635; C45530

Property

Expression Species	HEK293F or CHO
Conjugation	None
Purity	>95%, determined by SDS-PAGE and/or SEC-HPLC
Endotoxin	<1 EU/mg, determined by LAL method
Purification	Protein A affinity purified
Sterility	0.2 µM filtered
Formulation	PBS, pH 7.4
Preservation	No preservatives
Stabilizer	No stabilizers
Storage	Store at 4°C within a week. For longer storage, aliquot and store at -20°C.

Applications

For lab research use only, not for diagnostic, therapeutic or any *in vivo* human use.

Application ELISA
Application Notes The antibody is recommended for detection of CSF1 by ELISA assay.

Target

Target CSF1

Alternative Name Colony Stimulating Factor 1; Colony Stimulating Factor 1 (Macrophage); Macrophage Colony Stimulating Factor 1; Lanimostim; CSF-1; MCSF; Macrophage Colony-Stimulating Factor 1; M-CSF;

Gene ID [1435](#)

UniProt [P09603](#)

Introduction The colony stimulating factor 1 (CSF1), also known as macrophage colony-stimulating factor (M-CSF), is a secreted cytokine which causes hematopoietic stem cells to differentiate into macrophages or other related cell types. Eukaryotic cells also produce M-CSF in order to combat intercellular viral infection. It is one of the three experimentally described colony-stimulating factors. M-CSF binds to the colony stimulating factor 1 receptor. It may also be involved in development of the placenta.

Research Area Immunology

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